STATE OF INDIANA)	IN THE MARION SUPERIOR COURT
COUNTY OF MARION) SS:	CAUSE NO.
STATE OF INDIANA, Plaintiff,	49C01 07 12 PL 0 5 1 5 0 8
v. PMA ENTERPRISES, INC., doing business as DREAM AUDIO WORKS, STEPHEN BRADLEY TAYLOR, ANDREW J. CRON, MATTHEW D. JARVIS, RYAN P. CRON, BRADLEY S. FOUTS, TOM HUYNH, PAUL MICHAEL ALLEN, and JOHN DOES 1-10,	FILED DEC - 4 2007 Clark of the Marion Circuit Court Clark of the Marion Circuit Court Clark of the Marion Circuit Court
Defendants.	, ····

PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTION, RESTITUTION, COSTS, AND CIVIL PENALTIES

The Plaintiff, State of Indiana, by Attorney General Steve Carter, Deputy Attorney General Justin Hazlett, and Deputy Attorney General January Portteus, petitions the Court pursuant to the Indiana Deceptive Consumer Sales Act, Indiana Code § 24-5-0.5-1, et seq., for injunctive relief, consumer restitution, costs, civil penalties, and other relief.

PARTIES

- 1. The Plaintiff, State of Indiana, is authorized to bring this action and to seek injunctive and other statutory relief pursuant to Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-4(c).
- 2. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the Defendant, PMA Enterprises, Inc., doing business as Dream Audio Works (hereinafter "PMA Enterprises, Inc."), was a Michigan

corporation with a principal place of business in Indiana at 8760 East 33rd Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46226, which transacted business with Indiana consumers.

- 3. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the Defendant, Stephen Bradley Taylor, was an employee and an agent of PMA Enterprises, Inc. who solicited and transacted business with Indiana consumers.
- 4. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the Defendant, Andrew J. Cron, was an employee and an agent of PMA Enterprises, Inc. who solicited and transacted business with Indiana consumers.
- 5. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the Defendant, Matthew D. Jarvis, was an employee and an agent of PMA Enterprises, Inc. who solicited and transacted business with Indiana consumers.
- 6. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the Defendant, Ryan P. Cron, was an employee and an agent of PMA Enterprises, Inc. who solicited and transacted business with Indiana consumers.
- 7. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the Defendant, Bradley S. Fouts, was an employee and an agent of PMA Enterprises, Inc. who solicited and transacted business with Indiana consumers.
- 8. Plaintiff is unaware of the true names of Defendants sued as John Does 1 through 10, inclusive, and the extent of their wrongful conduct, and therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek leave of the Court to amend this complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained.

- 9. When, in this Complaint, reference is made to "salespeople," such term shall be deemed to mean Defendants Stephen Bradley Taylor, Andrew J. Cron, Matthew D. Jarvis, Ryan P. Cron, Bradley S. Fouts, and John Does 1-10, acting individually or collectively.
- 10. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the Defendant, Tom Huynh, was the manager of PMA Enterprises, Inc. and was active in its management and operations. As manager, Huyhn has controlled and directed the affairs of the corporation, including PMA Enterprises, Inc.'s sales practices, and has used the defendant corporation for the purpose of misleading and deceiving Indiana consumers as set forth herein.
- 11. At all time relevant to this Complaint, the Defendant, Paul Michael Allen, was the owner of PMA Enterprises, Inc. and was active in its management and operations. As owner, Allen has controlled and directed the affairs of the corporation, including PMA Enterprises, Inc.'s sales practices, and has used the defendant corporation for the purpose of misleading and deceiving Indiana consumers as set forth herein.
- 12. When, in this Complaint, reference is made to any act of Defendants, such allegations shall be deemed to mean that the principals, agents, or employees of Defendants did or authorized such acts to be done while actively engaged in the management, direction, or control of the affairs of Defendants and/or while acting within the scope of their duties, employment, or agency.

FACTS

Dhe

13. At least since September 2006, the Defendants have solicited and engaged in consumer transactions involving "Matrix" and "Genesis" branded home audio equipment.

During this time, the Defendant salespeople have solicited the sale of the home audio equipment

to Indiana consumers in public places, such as parking lots and truck stops, from trucks bearing Michigan license plates registered to PMA Enterprises, Inc.

- 14. As part of their solicitations, the Defendant salespeople represented to consumers that the Matrix and Genesis home audio equipment was "high-end" equipment that they would sell to consumers at a "discounted" price. As part of these representations, the Defendant salespeople presented consumers with:
 - a. an MSRP (Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Price) price printed on the equipment boxes from \$2,199.00 to \$4,499.00 per unit;
 - b. magazines containing similar MSRP prices to those printed on the box;
 - c. documentation claiming the equipment was "high definition";
 - d. multiple industry awards and other statements including "the professionals [sic] choice" printed on the equipment boxes, indicating that the equipment was of a particularly high quality; and
 - e. a Dolby Digital trademark.
- 15. In truth and in fact, the Matrix and Genesis home audio equipment sold by the Defendants:
 - a. is estimated to have a value of not more than \$300.00 per unit;
 - is not the recipient of the industry awards printed on the equipment boxes, and
 does not have the benefits or characteristics otherwise portrayed by the box
 markings; and
 - c. is not licensed by Dolby Laboratories, Inc., the owner of the Dolby Digital trademark, to display the Dolby Digital trademark.

- 16. To further their scheme to deceive consumers, the Defendant salespeople represented to consumers that the Defendant PMA Enterprises, Inc. had mistakenly ordered and loaded the Matrix and Genesis branded audio equipment into their delivery trucks. The Defendant salespeople further represented that their supervisor, Defendant Tom Huynh, had instructed them to sell the equipment at a discount. To corroborate their representations, the Defendant salespeople showed consumers a "packing slip" purporting to demonstrate that the equipment was mistakenly ordered and could not be returned to the equipment's distributor. The Defendant salespeople also had consumers who questioned their story call Defendant Tom Huynh, who confirmed the story.
- 17. To hide their activities and to further their deception, the Defendant salespeople gave consumers sales receipts with a false phone number and address on it.
- 18. Despite their representations, the Defendants loaded the Matrix and Genesis home audio equipment onto the Defendants' trucks with the intention of selling the equipment to consumers using the representations described above.
- 19. Based upon these representations and deceptions, Indiana consumers including, but not limited to, the following consumers purchased home audio equipment from the Defendant salespeople on or about the following dates for the following amounts:

a)	Mr. Karim Abdelkader Bloomington, Indiana, February 27, 2006	\$800.00
b)	Mr. Keith Herring Indianapolis, Indiana, March 28, 2007	\$200.00
c)	Mr. Brian Bowers Avon, Indiana, May 31, 2007	\$250.00

43.7445-1 5

d) Mr. Kevin Brokamp Indianapolis, Indiana, June 5, 2007

\$320.00

TOTAL:

\$1.570.00

 $\sigma \in \mathbb{N}$

- 20. On May 31, 2007 Defendant Andrew J. Cron solicited consumer Brian Bowers in Avon, Indiana and sold Mr. Bowers home audio equipment.
- 21. The Town of Avon, Indiana Code of Ordinances requires that any direct seller acquire a daily peddler's permit prior to selling in the Town of Avon.
 - 22. Andrew J. Cron did not have this permit on May 31, 2007.

COUNT I – VIOLATIONS OF THE DECEPTIVE CONSUMER SALES ACT

- 23. The Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 22 above.
- 24. The transactions referred to in paragraph 19 are "consumer transactions" as defined by Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-2(a)(1).
 - 25. The Defendants are "suppliers" as defined by Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-2(a)(3).
- 26. The Defendants' representations to consumers that the home audio equipment had sponsorship, approval, performance, characteristics, accessories, uses, or benefits the Defendants knew or reasonably should have known the equipment did not have, referred to in paragraphs 13 and 14, constitute violations of the Deceptive Consumer Sales Act, Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-3(a)(1).
- 27. The Defendants' representations to consumers that the home audio equipment was of a particular standard, quality, grade, style, or model the Defendants knew or reasonably should have known it was not, referred to in paragraphs 14 and 15, constitute violations of the Indiana Deceptive Consumer Sales Act, Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-3(a)(2).
- 28. The Defendants' representations to consumers that a specific price advantage existed as to the home audio equipment, when the Defendants knew or should have known it did

437445-1

not, referred to in paragraphs 14 -18, constitute violations of the Indiana Deceptive Consumer Sales Act, Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-3(a)(6).

- 29. The Defendants' representations to consumers that the representations on or within the home audio equipment's packaging or in advertising or promotional materials were true, when the Defendants knew or had reason to know that such representations were false, referred to in paragraphs 14 and 15, constitute violations of the Indiana Deceptive Consumer Sales Act, Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-3(b).
- 30. The Defendant, Andrew J. Cron, engaged in a consumer transaction without a permit or license as required by law, referred to in paragraphs 20-22, which constitutes a violation of the Indiana Deceptive Consumer Sales Act, Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-10(a)(1)(C).

COUNT II – KNOWING AND INTENTIONAL VIOLATIONS OF THE DECEPTIVE CONSUMER SALES ACT

- 31. The Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 30 above.
- 32. Defendants committed the misrepresentations and deceptive acts set forth in this complaint with knowledge and intent to deceive.

RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff, State of Indiana, requests the Court enter judgment against the Defendants, PMA Enterprises, Inc. doing business as Dream Audio Works, Stephen Bradley Taylor, Andrew J. Cron, Matthew D. Jarvis, Ryan P. Cron, Bradley S. Fouts, Tom Huynh, Paul Michael Allen, and John Does 1-10, for a permanent injunction pursuant to Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-4(c)(1), enjoining each from the following:

a. representing expressly or by implication that the subject of a consumer transaction has sponsorship, approval, characteristics, accessories, uses, or

- b. costs, pursuant to Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-4(c)(3), awarding the Office of the Attorney General its reasonable expenses incurred in the investigation and prosecution of this action;
- c. on Count II of the Plaintiff's complaint, civil penalties, pursuant to Ind.

 Code § 24-5-0.5-4(g), for the Defendants' knowing violations of the

 Deceptive Consumer Sales Act, in the amount of Five Thousand Dollars

 (\$5,000.00) per violation, payable to the State of Indiana;
- d. on Count II of the Plaintiff's complaint, civil penalties, pursuant to Ind.

 Code § 24-5-0.5-8, for the Defendants' intentional violations of the

 Deceptive Consumer Sales Act, in the amount of Five Hundred Dollars

 (\$500.00) per violation, payable to the State of Indiana; and

e. all other just and proper relief.

Respectfully submitted,

s manual

STEVE CARTER Indiana Attorney General Atty. No. 4150-64

By:

January Portteus

Deputy Attorney General

Atty. No. 25741-49

By:

Justin G. Hazlett

Deputy Attorney General

Atty. No. 22046-49

Office of Attorney General Indiana Government Center South 302 W. Washington Street, 5th Floor Indianapolis, IN 46204 Telephone: (317) 232-0171